Where public and private sectors meet to shape the future of finance and economics
Reputation for integrity, objectivity and independence

“The financial world appreciates and needs OMFIF”
Joachim Nagel, President, Deutsche Bundesbank

“The independent platform [OMFIF] provides is more important than ever”
Andrew Bailey, Governor, Bank of England

“Invaluable”
Carolyn Wilkins, former Deputy Governor, Bank of Canada

“Excellent platform”
Ravi Menon, Managing Director, Monetary Authority of Singapore

“Important forum”
Roberto de Oliveira Campos Neto, Governor, Banco Central do Brasil

“Respect and gratitude to OMFIF”
Zheng Zeguang, Chinese Ambassador to the UK
OMFIF’s five institutes offer specialised analysis and interactions with key players globally on economics and monetary policy, wealth management, digital finance, sustainability and sovereign debt matters.

The EMP Institute convenes leaders from public and private sector institutions to discuss macroeconomic trends and shape the future of monetary policy and political economy.

In an environment trusted to keep to market neutrality rules, EMP is a platform for worldwide private-public sector exchanges, where members discuss best practice and investors are able to safely share information on their asset allocation plans and ruminate on their asset allocation plans.

The DMI was founded based on the needs of central banks to further understand the emerging digital economy. Today the DMI is the leading convenor between the public and private sector on digital currencies and the future of capital markets.

We provide a trusted platform for our global community of central banks, multinational financial services, payment service providers, commercial banks and technology providers to shape the dialogue on the future of money. Driven by central banks, the DMI is the go-to place for policy discussions on central bank digital currencies and all related issues.

Above: DMI symposium, May 2023
Driving ESG transformation in finance

The SPI is a high-level community of policy-makers, investors, data providers and regulators. It engages with the Network for Greening the Financial System and market participants to facilitate discussions around environmental, social and governance regulation, supervision and standard setting, climate risk management, green capital markets and data.

A new era for government funding

OMFIF’s SDI is dedicated to convening sovereign, supranational and agency bond market participants: leading public sector issuers, investors and investment banks. The SDI offers a neutral platform for borrowers alongside influential investors and expert intermediaries to discuss issues, explore challenges and examine opportunities for shaping the future of debt capital markets across emerging and advanced economies.

Knowledge and insight for private investors

Launched in 2022, the WSI is uniquely positioned to provide insight to high-net-worth and ultra-high-net-worth-individuals, their advisers and the businesses that serve them. The WSI is bringing all of OMFIF’s expertise to this audience through landmark events in 2024.
OMFIF analysis draws on the expertise of in-house specialists in Europe, Asia and the US to lead discussion on global policy and investment themes important to central banks, public investors and regulators.

Our independence and global network encourage regular public sector contribution to our research. As a result, our content is widely consumed by central banks, public pension and sovereign funds, multilateral institutions and the private sector, as outlined in this breakdown of downloads for our flagship publication, the Global Public Investor.

OMFIF provides excellent reach into the public and private asset management arenas, important engagement with central banks and an effective means to influence these audiences with thought leadership and content marketing.

Our reach

Regional breakdown

116
Countries represented

11%
Governor, president, CEO

51%
Senior management, vice president, heads of department, managing director, managing partner

43%
Europe

19%
Americas

33%
Asia

5%
Africa

Email engagement
Average open rate is 19% and clicks 12% in 2023
Central banks

78tn

Central banks representing $78tn of GDP, 93% of the world economy

Public sector investors

Some of the world’s largest public pension funds by assets under management

- Government Pension Fund, Japan
- National Pension Service, South Korea
- Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec

4 of the world’s largest sovereign funds by AUM

9.3tn

Public pension and sovereign funds with AUM $9.3tn

Includes institutions led by the

G6

All members of the European ‘Group of Six’

Federal Reserve System
People’s Bank of China
European Central Bank

Asset managers

18 of the world’s 20 largest asset managers including:


Europe: Amundi, Allianz Investment Management, DWS, Legal & General, UBS Asset Management, Federated Hermes

Banks

18 of the world’s 20 largest banking groups including:

US: JP Morgan, Goldman Sachs, Bank of America, Citigroup, Wells Fargo, BNY Mellon

Asia: Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, China Construction Bank, Mitsubishi Financial Group, HSBC

Europe: BNP Paribas, Crédit Agricole, Banco Santander, Deutsche Bank, UBS

Banking groups with over $62tn in assets

Development finance institutions with over $3tn in assets

Asset managers with over $57tn AUM
Membership

OMFIF members come from both public and private sector institutions, ranging from central banks, sovereign funds, multilateral institutions and pension plans to asset managers, banks and professional services firms.

Joining one or more of OMFIF’s thematic institutes offers a wide range of benefits:

- **Join exclusive discussions** on the most crucial themes in finance
- **Be part of an unparalleled global network** of public and private sector leaders
- **Shape and feature** in our programme of innovative research and member-only meetings
- **Budget for the year ahead** and plan other marketing initiatives around the programme
- **Receive exclusive analysis** and commentaries from our experts
- **Show your credentials** as true intermediaries – all of our events will include policy-makers as speakers
Notable events from 2023

January: Sustainable finance in Africa: Policies, standards and driving green capital markets
Sadhana Sewraj-Gopal, Second Deputy Governor, Bank of Mauritius
Sheila M’Mbijwe, Second Deputy Governor, Central Bank of Kenya

February: Ensuring CBDC cybersecurity, scalability and resilience in the new digital economy
Xiaochen Zhang, Global Head of Innovation and GTM, AWS
Majid Malaika, Chief Advisor to H.E. The Vice Governor of the Saudi Central Bank (SAMA)

February: Economic growth, market stability and monetary developments in Europe
Jörg Kukies, State Secretary, German Chancellery; G7 and G20 Sherpa for Germany

March: Bank of England on the digital pound
Shiv Chowla, Senior Manager for Central Bank Digital Currency (CBDC), Bank of England

March: The future of the economic and monetary union
Dr. Joachim Nagel, President, Deutsche Bundesbank

April: US Treasury’s international financial priorities for 2023
Jay Shambaugh, Under Secretary for International Affairs, US Treasury

April: Harnessing cross-border innovation for a broader move to digital remittances
Tommaso Mancini-Griffoli, Deputy Division Chief in the Monetary and Capital Markets Department, International Monetary Fund (IMF)
Piero Cipollone, Deputy Governor, Banca d’Italia
Dilip Ratha, Lead Economist, Migration and Remittances and Head of KNOMAD, World Bank
Patrick Njoroge, Governor, Central Bank of Kenya

April: Ignazio Visco on inflation in the euro area
Ignazio Visco, Governor, Banca d’Italia

April: The economic and fiscal outlook with the office for Budget Responsibility
Richard Hughes, Chair, Office of Budget Responsibility

May: Geopolitics and carbon markets with President Alexander Van der Bellen
Alexander Van der Bellen, President of Austria

May: Economic challenges and opportunities in Asia
Krishna Srinivasan, Director, Asia and Pacific Department, International Monetary Fund

June: The future direction of financial stability, economic environment and monetary policy response
Roc Armenter, Executive Vice President and Director of Research, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia
Patrick Harker, President and Chief Executive Officer, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia
Antoine Martin, Senior Vice President and Financial Research Advisor on Financial Stability Policy Research, Federal Reserve Bank of New York
Kartik Athreya, Executive Vice President and Director of Research, Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond

September: The Labour Party’s response to the UK’s economic challenges
James Murray MP, Shadow Financial Secretary to the Treasury

September FOMC: the state of the US monetary policy
William Dudley, President, Federal Reserve Bank of New York (2009–18)

September: Stepping back from exceptional central bank measures while safeguarding market stability
Kensten Stroborn, Director General Markets, Deutsche Bundesbank

October: Establishing CBDC’s as digital public infrastructure
Phil Masi, Governor, Central Bank of Eswatini

October: The UK economic outlook
Huw Pill, Chief Economist and Executive Director for Monetary Analysis and Research, Bank of England

October: Charting the digital euro’s next steps
Ulrich Bindseil, Director General of Market Infrastructures and Payments, European Central Bank

October: Responding to current economic challenges
Ásgeir Jónsson, Governor of the Central Bank of Iceland

November: COP 28, climate transition and the IMF: in conversation with Bo Li
Bo Li, Deputy Managing Director, IMF

November: Germany’s growth model
Jens Ulbrich, Director General Economics, Deutsche Bundesbank

November: The ECB’s latest monetary policy developments and euro area outlook
Katrin Assenmacher, Head of Division, Monetary Policy Strategy, European Central Bank

December: The macroeconomic outlook in France and the euro area
Agnès Bénassy-Quéré, Second Deputy Governor, Banque de France